

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## The End of the War and the Treaty of Versailles

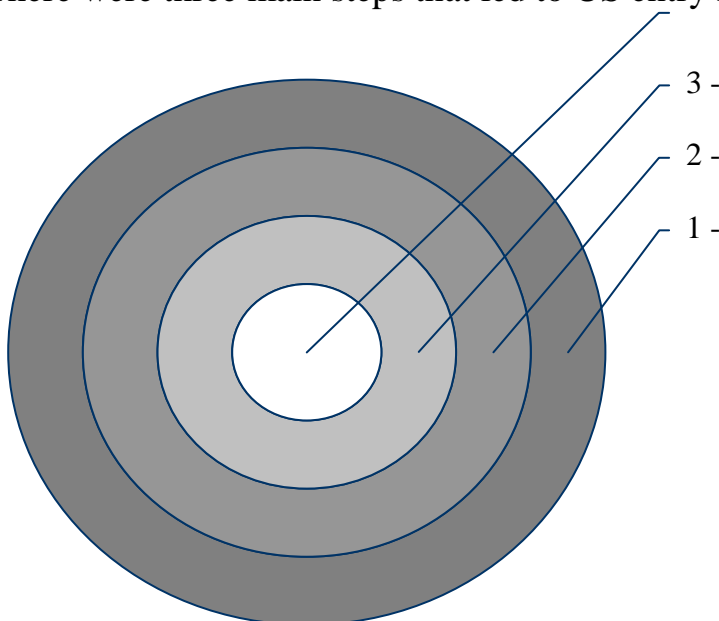
**Review:** Canadians were involved in both the War in the Air and the War at Sea during World War One. Airplanes were fairly new technology and as such they were extremely dangerous. Some pilots, however, excelled and Canadian Flying Ace Billy Bishop gained an international reputation for shooting down 72 enemy planes – second only to Germany’s The Red Baron. On the water, Canada supported Britain in the war effort by ferrying supplies of food and materials across the Atlantic. Germany’s U-boats preyed on Allied ships and in 1917 Germany announced a policy of unrestricted submarine warfare – something that encouraged the United States to finally enter the war.

### US Entry into the War

After Germany announced a policy of unrestricted submarine warfare  
\_\_\_\_\_ became quite concerned as now their ships were targets

The US also learned in the \_\_\_\_\_ that Germany  
promised to support \_\_\_\_\_ if it attacked the United States

There were three main steps that led to US entry into the war:



## **The Eastern Front – Russia**

In March 1917 \_\_\_\_\_ was forced to  
\_\_\_\_\_ (give up authority)

- The \_\_\_\_\_ Government was formed
- In \_\_\_\_\_, Socialist \_\_\_\_\_ called the  
\_\_\_\_\_ overthrew the Provisional Government and  
promised “\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_”
- The Bolsheviks began \_\_\_\_\_ with the Triple Alliance  
to end the war

## **The Hundred Days**

Russia – under the Bolsheviks – signed \_\_\_\_\_  
to end involvement in the war

- Now Germany was able to focus all its attention on winning on the  
\_\_\_\_\_ Front
- By the summer of 1918 the front line was only \_\_\_\_\_  
from \_\_\_\_\_

The final Allied offensive – August 8 to November 11, 1918 – was called

\_\_\_\_\_

An \_\_\_\_\_ was signed in a railway car in \_\_\_\_\_  
on \_\_\_\_\_

**Today we celebrate Remembrance Day – initially called Armistice Day  
– each November 11 at 11:00AM to mark the end of hostilities and to  
commemorate those who have served in Canada’s defence**

## **The Paris Peace Conference**

In 1919 the leaders of the \_\_\_\_\_ and other countries that \_\_\_\_\_ the war met at the Paris Peace Conference to create a peace agreement

- Conference lasted \_\_\_\_\_ months
- New \_\_\_\_\_ were defined
- More than \_\_\_\_\_ countries attended
- \_\_\_\_\_ was not allowed to participate
- \_\_\_\_\_ was not invited

American President \_\_\_\_\_ proposed a plan called the \_\_\_\_\_

- Points 1-5 discussed \_\_\_\_\_
  - o A vision of how countries should work \_\_\_\_\_
- Points 6-8 discussed German \_\_\_\_\_ lands
- Points 9-15 discussed desires of \_\_\_\_\_ countries

## **The Treaty of Versailles**

One of the main treaties was called \_\_\_\_\_

- It was the terms of peace between \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_
  - o French leader Georges Clemenceau focused on \_\_\_\_\_ and wanted Germany dealt with \_\_\_\_\_
  - o Woodrow Wilson focused on \_\_\_\_\_ and was concerned Germany might want \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ were a key component of the Treaty of Versailles

The treaty focused on two other key issues:

War Guilt Clause	Self Determination

### **The Effects of the Treaty of Versailles**

Because Canada had contributed so much to the \_\_\_\_\_, Prime Minister Borden demanded that Canada have its own \_\_\_\_\_ at the conference

- Canada also got an \_\_\_\_\_ on the Treaty of Versailles

### **The Effect of the War on Canada (page 55)**

World War One caused \_\_\_\_\_ changes to Canada

- Canadian troops fought as a \_\_\_\_\_ force
- The need for war supplies \_\_\_\_\_ the economy
- Women won the right to \_\_\_\_\_
- Canada gained \_\_\_\_\_ status by participating at the Paris Peace Conference

The War also divided Canadians over the \_\_\_\_\_ issue and the \_\_\_\_\_ caused problems in immigrant communities

In total \_\_\_\_\_ people were killed in World War One

- In Canada \_\_\_\_\_ were killed and \_\_\_\_\_ were wounded